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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.









GEOGRAPHICAL

STATISTICAL AND POLITICAL

AMUSEMENT;

BY WHICH MAY BE OFTAINED

A GENERAL AND PARTICULAR KNOWLEDGE

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

IN A SERIES OF INTERESTING GAMES ON A MAP DESIGNED FOR THE PURPOSE.

PHILADELPHIA:

PUBLISHED BY JACOB JOHNSON, No. 147, MARKET STREET.

1806.

A. BARTRAM, PRINTER.

District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

E1.19

BE IT REMEMBERED, That on the twelfth day of December in the thirtieth Year of the Independence of the United States of America, A. D. 1806. Jacob Johnson of the said district, hath deposited in this Office, the Title of a book, the Right whereof he claims as Proprietor, in the words following, to wit:

"Geographical statistical and political amusement; by which may be obtained a general and particular knowledge of the United States. In a series of interesting games on a map designed for the purpose."

In Conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, intituled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies during the Times therein mentioned." And also to the Act, entitled "An Act supplementary to an Act, entitled," An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies during the Times therein mentioned," and extending the Benefits thereof to the Arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other Prints."

D. CALDWELL, Clerk of the District. .

ADVERTISEMENT.

THIS Work is defigned as an eafy mean of uniting Instruction with Pleasure, and of obtaining in an agreeable manner, a familiar acquaintance with the form of the United States, and of each State and Territory, their relative position, and their importance as respects their time of fettlement, extent of territory, population, exports, and the number of fenators and reprefentatives they are entitled to in the congress of the Union; their islands, lakes, bays, rivers, cities, towns, villages, and most striking natural curiosities; the latitude, longitude, and population of the principal towns; notices of their history and improvements, &c. &c. By arranging the whole into a feries of interesting games, it is intended to entice the youthful or uninformed mind to an acquaintance with a species of information highly useful, but which can be acquired in no other way, without careful and affiduous application.

ALC: UTVINE LAND

GEOGRAPHICAL,

STATISTICAL AND POLITICAL

AMUSEMENT;

OBSERVATIONS.

A Top or Totum of ivory or box-wood is provided, on the four fides of which are the Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4. There are also fix cones of box-wood (of different colours to distinguish them) four of these cones are intended to represent the persons engaged in the first and second feries of the play; the other two to represent the President and Vice-President in the third feries of the game; the presidential cone is surmounted with a globe, the vice-president's with a cap. The Totum directs the movements of the travellers agreeably to the following rules.

FIRST SERIES.

This part of the play is upon the white circular spaces connected by black lines: the first traveller spins the Totum, and places his cone on that number of the map, corresponding with the one which has fallen uppermost on the Top; in like manner the other travellers succeed. When a second turn is made, the number uppermost on the Totum is to be added to that on which the traveller of the person spinning is; the amount of these two sums indicate the place of the next movement, and so on. If two traveliers fall upon the same number, the person who spun last must place his cone on the next vacant number backward.

At every stop the margin of the map or accompanying book is to be consulted, and opposite the number corresponding with that on which the traveller is at rest, will be found (with other information) directions how he is to proceed, whether to stop or if thrown out of the game. This Series commencing near the City of Philadelphia is ended there.

SECOND SERIES.

This part of the play is upon the red circular spaces indicating the States; they are numbered in the order of their population in the year 1790, to induce the learner to remember their comparative importance in this respect, and to render the game more intricate and interesting.

The Top is to be made use of as heretosore, and reference had to the book as before directed. But as it is intended in this series to convey further information than a mere knowledge of the particulars mentioned in the book; as the winner in this part of the play is to be intituled President, the next in order Vice-President, while any others engaged in the game will remain Citizens only; it is meant to convey to those who are unacquainted, how the election of such officers is made: and as the President and Vice President of the United States may be chosen from any state of the Union, provided they are not both from the same state, the travellers are required to attend to the following rules:

The Candidates must commence their tour from separate states, and proceed by the Totum as heretofore; the winner in the last game hav-

ing the preference of placing his traveller on any state he may choose, the others in the order they came out of the first series.

As there are but Seventeen States in the Union, and therefore but that number can vote in any election of President or Vice-President, no traveller can have more than that number of trials, which trials are regulated as follows: When any traveller has arrived at the 24th number in the usual course of progress (but has not had the feventeen trials or turns of the Totum to which he is entituled) he is to fpin as before, but instead of adding the number on the Totum to that on which his traveller is, he must now subtract, in order to return over the States to canyafs for their votes. If in this way he should return to No. 1, without having had the proper number of trials, he may recommence as in the first attempt, and so on. If the addition or fubstraction of any number should throw the candidate beyond the 1st or 24th number, that trial is still to be considered as an attempt, and reckoned as one of the 17, and in the fucceeding attempts he is to reckon from the first or 24th numbers as the case may be.

At every stop the Book is to be consulted and opposite the number corresponding to that on which the traveller of the candidate is, he will learn various general information of that state or territory, and among others what number of Senators and Representatives the state is entituled to in Congress.

As the President and Vice President are chosen by the states, and they for this purpose choose a number of Electors of those officers equal to the fum of their Senators and Representatives in Congress, each Candidate is required to set down their amount for each state on which his cone is placed (observing that as no state can vote more than once in this election, so no Candidate can more than once in each game collect the votes of a state-but if he fall a second time on the same state, he is to consider himself as having lost a trial) when the feventeen turns are completed, each candidate is to examine the amount he has acquired, and he who has obtained the greater number of votes is to be entituled President, the next in order Vice President (at which times the cones in use are to be exchanged for those which represent these officers,) the remainder (if more than two are engaged in the play) to be considered Citizens only when it is known who are the officers, they are to repair to No. 25, the Capital of the United States, where the President is to make his Inaugural Speech, by reading what is contained in the Book opposite the number which represents the City of Washington, No. 25.

THIRD SERIES.

This is played on the blue spaces.—In this part of the Game the President precedes invariably—the Vice President next, and the Citizens sollow without regard to order. That is, the President is to spin first, and at all times have the preference in placing his traveller, nor must those who accompany attempt to precede him—the Vice President succeeds, nor must the Citizens pass him, though the Totum authorizes it—the Citizens following may pass each other, as they stand on equal ground as respects precedence.

The Totum is as heretofore to be made use of, and the book consulted for information—In this series the traveller is liable to ship-wreck (being now on the water as before he was in danger on land of being thrown out of the game) to indicate the accidents to which all states are liable; if such should be the fate of the President, the Vice President succeeds him; and if the Vice President, the Citizen who is next to him in the order of the play succeeds to his station.

By stopping "one, two, or three turns" is to be understood, that the traveller thus directed to stop, is to suffer his cone to remain on the number where such direction is given, until the other persons engaged in the play have severally spun the Totum; once, twice, or thrice, as the case may be; he will then go on. The intention of this provision is, not only to render the play more intricate, but to impress on the mind of the learner the circumstances there noted.

The author thinks it proper to observe, that though he has taken much pains, and consulted many books, he is sensible errors are to be found in this work in various parts; in extenuation, however, he has to mention, that he has not been able to satisfy himself on many points where our best geographical writers differ; on other points information was not to be had.

The population of the States, Territories and Towns, are from the Census of 1800, from books, or more recent information obtained in other ways; one general observation, however, applies to the number of inhabitants, and that is, it is thought they will invariably be found more than is stated, except, perhaps, as far as regards the cities of Philadelphia and New York.

The longitude and latitude are from Morse and Scott; on this subject, however, they are frequently at variance; the longitude is reckoned from the city of Philadelphia.

The information attempted to be conveyed is concife, the nature of the work admitting nothing more than general matter.

- No.
- brave men in the Revolutionary war. The British lost 400 men here in 1777.
- 2. Salem (N. J.) a fmall town of 800 Inhabitants.
- 3. Cape May (N. J.) a pleafant fummer refidence, within view of the Bay of Delaware and Atlantic Ocean.
- 4. Bridge Town (N. J.) on Cohansey Creek.
- 5. Burlington, a small pleasant city of N. J. on the river Delaware, lat. 40 8. E. lon. 0 19. 1200 Inhabitants. First settled in 1677.
- 6. Trenton (N. J.) the feat of the state Legislature, lat. 40 15. E. lon. 0 26. contains 1500 Inhabitants. Stay one turn to view an elegant Bridge over the Delaware.
- 7. Brunswick (N. J.) on the Raritan river, contains 2500 Inhabitants. Lat. 40 30.
- 8. Princeton (N. J.) lat. 40 22. E. lon. 0 35. has 600 Inhabitants. Stay one turn to examine the College, which is 180 feet by 54, and 4 stories high.
- 9. Sparta, a town of Suffex county (N. J.)

a beautiful Cascade. This water-fall is 40 feet wide, and 70 feet perpendicular.

11. Elizabeth Town (N. J.) a pleafant village

of 1000 Inhabitants.

12. Newark (N. J.) a beautiful town. Stay one turn to drink of its excellent Cyder. It is calculated that 60,000 pairs of shoes are made here annually.

13. New York City, capital of the state, lat. 40 42. E. lon. 1 17. contains 70,000 inhabitants. Stay two turns to examine its elegant public buildings, noble harbour, and great commercial importance.

14. Hampstead (L. I.) remarkable for the exten-

five plains in the neighbourhood.

15. Flushing (L.I.) population 1600 inhabitants. Stay one turn to examine a remarkable whirl in the East river, termed Hurl Gate, vulgarly Hell Gate.

inhabitants; this town was destroyed by fire during the Revolutionary war, the traveller is, therefore, removed to No. 12.

7. New Haven (Con.) the femi-annual feat of the Legislature, lat. 41 21. E. lon. 1 50. contains 5000 inhabitants. Stay one turn to visit Yale college.

- 18. Danbury (Con.) capital of Fairfield county.

 Destroyed by fire in the Revolutionary war.
- 19. Highlands. Stay one turn to admire the contracted passage of the Hudson, by its high, rocky and precipitous shores.
- 20. Newburg (N. Y.) pleafantly fituate on Hudson river, contains 2,365 Inhabitants.
- 21. Kingston (N. Y.) contains 150 houses; was destroyed during the war, by fire.
- 22. Hudson (N. Y.) lat. 42 14. E. lon. 1 22. Stay one turn to admire a thriving sea port town, the first stone of which was laid in 1784. In three years from its commencement this town contained 1500 inhabitants.
- 23. Litchfield (Con.) chief town of Litchfield county, contains 4000 inhabitants. Lat. 41 46.
- 24. Hartford (Con.) femi-annual feat of the Legislature, lat. 41 44. E. lon. 2 4. contains 5000 inhabitants, and many manufactories.
- 25. Windfor (Con.) on Windfor river.
- 26. Toland (Con.) capital of Toland county.
- 27. Windham (Con.) capital of a county of that name.
- 28. Norwich (Con.) on the river Thames, lat. 41 34. E. lon. 2 29. contains 3,500 inhabitants. Stay one turn to visit the various manufactories.

- No.
 29. Newport, capital of the state of Rhode Island, lat. 41 44. E. lon. 3 40. contains 6,700 inhabitants. Stay one turn to examine the excellency of the harbour; the beauty and salubrity of its summer climate.
- 30. Bristol (R. I.) known for its vegetable shipments to other states, and foreign countries. 1600 inhabitants, a beautiful situation and sine harbour.
- 31. Providence (R. I.) contains 7,500 inhabitants. Stay one turn to examine a flourishing commercial town; its College, Bridge, and manufactories.—Lat. 41 51.
- 32. Warren (R. I.) a handsome town of 160 houses; remarkable for ship building.
- 33. Martha's Vineyard (Maff.) an island 21 miles long, 6 broad.
- 34. Nantucket Island (Mass.) lat. 41 40. contains 4600 inhabitants, mostly engaged in the Whale and Cod fisheries.
- 35. Cape Cod (Mass.) so named from the Cod sish taken on its banks.
- 36. Plymouth (Mass.) Stay one turn at the "feast of our Ancestors" who landed here.
- 37. Boston, capital of Massachusetts, lat. 42 23. E. lon. 3 19. contains 25,000 inhabitants, and is a great commercial City. Stay two

- turns to view the Town, Castle William, the Bay and Light House.
- 38. Worcester (Mass.) lat. 42 23. contains 2000 inhabitants.
- 39. Braintree (Mass.) the birth-place of John Adams, late President of the United States.
- 40. Connecticut river. Stay one turn to admire its remarkable falls.
- 41. Hatfield (Maff.) a pleafant town, containing 700 inhabitants.
- 42. Deerfield (Maff.) an agreeable town in a rich country, containing 1400 inhabitants.
- 43. Oxford (Mass.) a pleasant town of 1000 inhabitants.
- 44. Cambridge (Mass.) lat. 42 23 28. contains 1000 persons. Stay one turn to visit the University.
- 45. Concord (Mass.) here blood was first shed in the cause of American Liberty, in 1775.
- 46. Salem (Mass.) a neat flourishing commerciai town, contains 9,500 Inhabitants, lat. 42 30.
- 47. Newberry (Mass.) lat. 42 47. contains 5000 inhabitants.
- 48. Ipswich (Mass.) Stay one turn to visit the Lace manufactory.
- 49. Beverly (Mass.) lat. 42 37. E. lon. 4 7. contains 3390 inhabitants; a thriving post town.

- 50. Newbury Port (Mass.) lat. 42 48. E. lon. 4 13. contains 6000 people. Stay one turn to examine the Merrimack canal.
- 51. Portsmouth (N. H.) capital of the state, has 4720 inhabitants. Stay one turn to examine the noble harbour.
- 52. Exeter (N. H.) lat. 42 58. E. lon. 4 4. has 2000 inhabitants. Stay one turn to visit the Academy and manufactories.
- 53. Durham county (N. H.) Stay one turn to examine a rock remarkably balanced.
- 54. Canterbury (N. H.)
- 55. Epfom (N. H.)
- 56. York (Mn.) a post town, containing 2300 inhabitants. Lat. 43 16.
- 57. Portland (Mn.) contains 2500 inhabitants, has an excellent harbour. Lat. 42 2 58.
- 58. Yarmouth (M.)
- 59. White Hills (N. H.) feen at a great distance.
- 50. Sacco River, where great quantities of lumber are shipped.
- 51. Hallowell (Mn.) a flourishing port town, on Kennebeck River, lat. 44 18.
- 52. Pownalborough (Mn.) shire town of Lincoln county, 2000 inhabitants.
- 53. Belfast (Mn.) a small town.
- 54. Paffamaquoddi, a port town of Maine, 728 miles from Philadelphia.

- 65. From this neighbourhood vast quantities of gypsum are shipped to enrich the farms of the United States.
- 66. The North Eastern boundary of the United States, distant in a straight line from New Orleans, about 1400 miles.
- 67. Montreal, lat. 45 35. E. lon. 2 2. contains 600 houses, and is the second town of Canada.
- 68. Granby (Ver.)
- 69. Hunderford (Ver.)
- 70. South Hero, au Island of Lake Champlain. Stay one turn to examine a quarry of petrifactions.
- 71. Greensburg (Ver.)
- 72. Lake Champlain, 200 miles long, from one to eighteen broad, discharges into the St. Lawrence, by the river Sorell.

73. Ticonderoga, once a celebrated fortification, but peace destroyed its consequence.

74. Mount Independence, celebrated in the revolutionary war.

75. Rutland (Ver.) lat. 43 33. E. lon. 2 12. capital of the county of Rutland.

76. Windfor (Ver.) alternately with Rutland, the feat of the state government.

77. Winhall (Ver.)

78. Bennington (Ver.) lat. 42 42. E. lon. 1 59. contains 2400 inhabitants.

- 79. Troy and Landfingburg (N.Y.) noted towns for the varied exports of a rich country, inhabitants 6000.
- 80. Saratoga (N. Y.) Burgoyne's furrender at this place in the year 1777, paving the way to a close of the war. The traveller in memory of it is removed to 91 Falls of Niagara.
- 81. Schenestada (N. Y.) on the Mohawk River. Stay one turn to admire the Cohoez. Inhabitants 5289.
- 82. Albany, (N. Y.) lat. 42 39. contains 8000 inhabitants, and is the feat of the Legislature of the State, and carries on an extensive trade.
- 83. Utica a pleafant growing town on the Mohawk River.
- 84. Brownsville (N. Y.) a new settlement on Black River.
- 85. Ofwego Lake and River (N. Y.) connected by a canal with the Mohawk river.
- 86. Onondaga Lake (N. Y.) five miles long, one broad, flay one turn to fee the falt works.
- 87. Cayuga Lake (N. Y.) 35 miles long, two broad.
- 38. Seneca Lake (N. Y.) 35 miles long.
- 89. Geneffee River (N. Y.) gives name to an extensive rich country.

- 90. Bath (N. Y.) lat. 42 15. W. lon. 2 10. a thriving town on the waters of the Sufquehanna.
- 91. Niagara Falls; stay two turns to contemplate this assonishing cascade, where the waters of immense regions are precipitated from a height of 137 feet.
 - 92. Buffaloe (N. Y.) a small town on a river of the same name.
 - 93. Holland Company's Lands, 3,000,000 of acres of the foil of our country, held by foreigners.
 - 94. Genefingushta (Pen.) an Indian settlement, progressing to civilization under judicious management.
 - 95. Bald Eagle Mountains. (Pen.)
 - 96. Huntingdon (Pen.) contains 100 houses.
 - 97. Bedford (Pen.) chief town of Bedford county, on the Juniatta River.
 - 98. Brownsville (Pen.) on the Monongahela, a great resort of emigrants for the fertile lands of the Ohio and Mississippi.
 - 99. Pittsburg, lat. 40 26. W. lon. 4 51. the emporium of Western Pennsylvania, population, 1500 inhabitants.
- 100. Beaver Town (Pen.) on the Beaver River.
- 101. Washington (Pen.) lat. 40 13. W. lon. 5. 6. capital of a county of that name.

- 102. Wheling (Vir.) on the Ohio, a great refort of emigrants.
- 103. Morgan Town (Vir.)
- 104. Columbia (Vir.) on the Potomack River.
- 105. Clarksburg.
- 106. Shenandoah (Vir.) stay one turn to explore a beautiful rich valley watered by this River.
- 107. Staunton (Vir.)
- 108. Rock-bridge (Virg.) stay one turn to examine this great natural curiosity.
- 109. Falling Spring (Vir.) a beautiful cascade of 200 feet.
- 110. Sweet Springs (Vir.)
- 111. Warm Springs (Vir.) Stay one turn for the luxury of a warm bath.
- 112. Green Briar Town (Vir.) capital of the county of Green Briar.
- 113. Kenhaway Town (Vir.)
- 114. Marietta (Oo.) a fmall town on the Muskingum, lat. 39 24 21.
- a thriving town on the Sciota River.
- W. lon. 7 48. a garrifon of the United States.
- Town, lat. 45 30. W. lon. 9 55. a great refort of Indian traders.

- of the Territory of Indiana, inhabitants 1500, lat. 33 N.
- 119. Clarksville.
- 120. Cincinnati (Oo.) at the mouth of the great Miami River, lat. 39 6.
- 121. Charleston (Ken.) lat. 38 43. W. lon. 9 13.
- to examine the remains of animals of enormous fize, frequently found here.
- 123. Salines (Ken.) flay one turn at the falt works.
- 124. Washington (Ken.) lat. 38 40. W. lon. 9 10. capital of Mason County.
- o. a flourishing and agreeable place on a rich and extensive plain.
- 126. Frankfort, capital of the State of Kentucky,
- 127. Louisville (Ken.) at the rapids of the Ohio. lat. 38 14. W. lon. 10 20.
- 128. Great Cave on the north fide of the Ohio. Stay one turn to explore its recesses.
- 129. Vienna (Ken.)
- 130. Bairds-town (Ken.)
- 131. Danville, Mercer County (Ken.)
- 132. Boonsburg (Ken.) Stay one turn to talk of the adventures of Daniel Boon, the first fettler of this country,

133. Knoxyille (Ken.) lat. 35. 42. W. lon. 102. fituate in a beautiful spot on the Holston River.

134. Cumberland Mountains, a high ridge running through the State.

135. High broken barren lands.

136. Nashville (Ten.) lat. 35. 54. W. lon.

137. Clarksville (Ten.) chief town of Montgomery County.

138. High broken lands.

139. Chickafaw Bluffs, on the Mississippi River.

140. Muscle Shoals, 'a remarkable obstruction to the navigation of the Tenessee River.

141. Yazoo Country, famous for an extensive land speculation.

142. Natchez (M. T.) a town of confiderable importance before the purchase of New Orleans.

143. New Orleans (O. T.) the emporium of the West, lat. 29 57. W. lon. 14 40. contains 10,000 inhabitants, and promises to become a great and rich commercial city.

144. Balize, the principal discharge of the Misfissippi, of which there are five, when the waters are high.

145. Lake Pontchartrain, navigable for small vessels.

- 146. Mobile Town and Fort, on Mobile Bay
 in the Spanish Territories.
- 147. Chickafatha Nation of Indians.
- 148. Tombecbe, an Indian Town in the Miffiffippi Territory.
- 149. Big Tellassee Indian towns (M. T.)
- 150. Residence of the King of the Telassees (M. T.)
- 151. Oakcheys Towns (M. T.)
- 152. Broken Arrow, an Indian Town (M. T.)
- 153. Lower Creek Towns (M. T.)
- 154. Town of St. Mary's (Geo.)
- 155. Brunswick (Geo.)
- 156. Sunbury (Geo.) a pleasant healthy town.
- 157. Savannah, lat. 32. 3. W. lon. 4. 48. contains 6464 inhabitants, the commercial capital of Georgia.
- 158. Burke County (Geo.) stay one turn to examine an immense deposition of marine productions, ninety miles from the ocean.
- 159. Louisville, lat. 32: 46. W. lon. 6. 18. legislative capital of Georgia.
- 160. Washington (Geo.) high and healthy.
- 161. Petersburg (Geo.) stay one turn to explore a remarkable Indian mount.
- 162. Little River (Geo.) stay one turn to examine the monuments of a once powerful nation now funk in oblivion.

- in a beautiful and extensive plain.
- 164. Silver Bluffs (Geo.) stay one turn to view the curious depositions of strata.
- 165. Purysburg (Geo.) lat. 32. 16. Ion. 5. 48. a neat handsome town.
- 166. Beaufort (Geo.) lat. 32. 26. W. lon.5. 23. at the head of Port Royal Bay.
- 167. Charleston, lat. 32. 47. W. lon. 4. 46. contains 16,400 inhabitants. Stay one turn to view the commercial capital of South Carolina.
- 168. Monks Corner (S. C.) noted for a severe skirmish in the revolutionary war.
- 169. Ewtau Springs (S. C.) noted for a battle between the American and British armies.
- 170. George Town (S. C.) lat. 32. 12. W. lon. 4. 38. a place of confiderable trade.
- 171. Statesburg.
- 172. The Hills of Santee.
- 173. Camden (S. C.) lat. 34. 17. W. lon. 5. 23. This town was a fcene of blood in the war of the revolution.
- 174. Columbia (S. C.) lat. 34. 1. W. lon. 5. 57. a fmall town on the River Conggarce.

- 175. Ninety-fix (S. C.) a district harassed by many battles during the war of independence.
- 176. Mount Araratt (N. C.) stay one turn to admire the beauty of the prospect from this singular mountain.
- 177. Salem (N. C.) a fmall town of 100 houses.
- 178. Fayetteville (N. C.) lat. 35. 11. W. long.
 3. 53. a flourishing town on Cape Fear River.
- 179. Wilmington (N. C.) lat. 34. 11. W. lon. 3. 7. carries on a confiderable trade in naval stores.
- 180. Brunswick (N. C.) was burnt during the war. The traveller is therefore thrown out of the game.
- 181. Newburn (N. C.) lat. 34 14. W. lon. 2 17. contains 400 houses.
- 182. Raleigh, capital of the state of North Carolina, lat. 35 56. W. long. 3 40. contains 100 houses.
- 183. Hillsborough (N. C.) in a high, healthy and fertile country.
- 184. Harrisburgh (N. C.)
- 185. Williamsburgh (N. C.)
- 186. Warrenton (N. C.)
- 187. Hallifax (N. C.) lat. 36 13.

188. Washington (N. C.) carries on a brisk trade by the Pamlicoe river.

189. Edenton (N. C.) on Chowan river, lat. 36 3. W. lon. 1 57. contains 100 houses.

- 190. Great Dismal, a prodigious boggy forest.
- 191. Norfolk (Vir.) lat. 36 55. W. long. 1
 10. contains 3500 inhabitants; is a fafe,
 commodious and important port on James's
 river.

192. Hampton (Vir.)

193. York Town (Vir.) the British army under Cornwallis, surrendered here in 1781. In memory of this event, the traveller is removed to 196 late the seat of George Washington, then General of the American army.

194. Petersburg (Vir.) a low and unhealthy situation.

- 195. Richmond, lat. 37 32. W. Ion. 2 29. capital of the state of Virginia. Stay one turn to examine the Canal and Mills.
 - 196. Mount Vernon (Vir.) late the feat of George Washington. Stay one turn in memory of his worth.
 - 197. Lewistown (Del.) Stay one turn to view the Light-House.

198. Easton (Md.) a flourishing inland town,

199. Dover, a small town, and seat of the Legislature of Delaware.

200. Smyrna (Del.) an important depot for the

products of the country.

- 201. New Castle (Del.) lat. 39 38. W. lon. o 25. a pleasant town on the Delaware, contains 1200 inhabitants.
- 202. Elkton (Md.) a finall town on Elk river.
 - 203. Chester Town (Md.) on Chester river.
- of Maryland, lat. 38 56 15. contains 300 houses.
- 205. Potomac river. Stay one turn to examine the canal and locks.
- 206. Monticello (Vir.) the seat of Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States.

207. Winchester (Vir.)

- 208. Hagar's Town (Md.) a place of confiderable inland trade.
- country. Stay one turn to admire the paffage of the Potomac, through the Blue mountains.
 - 210. Baltimore, commercial capital of Maryland, lat. 39 18. W. lon. 1 35. Stay one turn to examine its noble harbour and great commercial importance.

211. York Town (Pen.) on the Codorus river.

212. Carlifle (Pen.) Stay one turn to fee the College.

213. Northumberland (Pen.) at the junction of the east and west branches of the Susque-

214. Sunbury (Pen.) lat. 4012.

215. Wilkesbarre (Pen.) lat. 41 12. W. lon. o

216. Easton (Pen.) a thriving town on the Delaware, above the tide.

217. Reading (Pen.) a lively town, lat 40 42.

218. Harrisburg (Pen.) on the Susquehanna.

219. Columbia (Pen.) an important landing for the products of the rich lands on the Sufquehanna.

220. Lancaster, lat. 40 3. W. lon. 4 9. the largest inland town of the United States, and Legislative capital of Pennsylvania.

221. West Chester (Pen.) seat of Justice of

Chester County.

222. Wilmington, lat. 39 42. W. lon. 0 24. capital of the State of Delaware, contains 5000 inhabitants, stay one turn to examine the various manufactures of the neighbourhood.

223. Philadelphia, lat. 39 57. lon. 0 00. contains 100,000 inhabitants, commercial capital of Pennfylvania, and the largest City in the United States.

Note, in the First Series of the Game, the name of the State, Territory or District, is abridged in the line naming the Town or place described, as thus:

New Hampshire	-	-	(N. H.)
District of Maine	-		(Mn.)
Vermont	-	-	(Vt.)
Massachusetts	-	-	(Maff.)
Rhode Island	- 2	-	(R. I.)
Connecticut `-	-	-	(Con.)
New York	-	-"	(N. Y.)
New Jersey	-	-	(N. J.)
Pennsylvania	-1	-	(Pen.)
Delaware		-	(Del.)
Maryland	-	-	(Md.)
Virginia	-	- "	(Vir.)
North Carolina	-	-	(N. C.)
South Carolina	-	-	(S. C.)
Georgia	-	-	(Geo.)
Mississippi Territory -	-	-	(M. T.)
Orleans Territory -	-	-	(OT.)
Tennessee	-	-	(Ten.)
Kentucky	-	•	(Ken.)
Ohio		-	(Oo.)

No. 1. State of Virginia.*

First Settlement 1609 ...

Square miles 70,000 Inhabitants in 1790 737,610

in 1800 886,149

Exports in 1791 3,131,865 dolls.

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 22.

No. 2. State of Pennsylvania.

First Settlement 1682

Square miles ... 44,900

Inhabitants in 1790 434,373

in 1800 602,545

Exports in 1791 3,439,092 dolls... in 1805 13,762,252

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 18.

No. 3. State of New York.t

First settlement 1614

Square miles 44,000 Inhabitants in 1790 340,120

in 1800 586,050

Exports in 1791 2,505,465 dolls.

in 1805 23,482,943

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 17.

^{*} So called from the Virgin queen Elizabeth.

⁺ Thus denominated from W. Penn, the founder.

From York, in Great Britain.

No. 4. State of Massachusetts.*

First Settlement 1628

Square miles 7981

Inhabitants in 1790 378,787

in 1800 422,845

Exports in 1791 2,519,650 dolls.

in 1805 19,435,657

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 17.

Massachusetts proper, contains 7981 square miles. Including the Province of Maine 47,981 square miles. The population of the State and Territory in 1800 was 491,385 inhabitants.

No. 5. State of North Carolina.

First Settlement 1728

Square miles

Inhabitants in 1790 288,194

in 1800 478,103

Exports in 1791 524,540 dolls,

in 1805 779,903

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 11.

^{*} The Indian name for Boston Bay.

^{+ &#}x27;Thus denominated from king Charles II.

No. 6. State of Maryland.*

First settlement 1633

Square miles 14,000 Inhabitants in 1790 319,728

in 1800 349,692

Exports in 1791 2,239,690 dolls.

in 1805 10,859,480 Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 9.

No. 7. State of South Carolina.

First settlement 1669

Square miles 20,000 Inhabitants in 1790 249,178

in 1800 345,591

Exports in 1791 2,693,267 dolls. in 1805 9,066,625

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 8.

No. 8. State of Connecticut.

First settlement 1633

Square miles 4,674 Inhabitants in 1790 237,946

in 1800 251,002

Exports in 1791 710,352 dolls.

in 1805 1,443,727

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 7.

Derives its name from queen Mary.

[†] From Charles II.

[‡] From the Quunnihticut Indians.

No. 9. State of Kentucky.*

First settlement 1769

Square miles

Exports not known.

Inhabitants in 1790 73,677 in 1800 220,995

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 6.

No. 10. State of New Jersey.

First settlement 1664

Square miles 8,320

Inhabitants in 1790 184,139

in 1800 211,149

Exports in 1791 23,524 dolls.

in 1805 20,743

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 6.

No. 11. State of New Hampshire.

Til million Commence

First settlement 1623
Square miles 9,491
Inhabitants in 1790 141,855
in 1800 183,158
Exports in 1791 142,885 dolls.
in 1805 608,408

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 5.

[&]quot; From the River of that name.

No. 12.	St	ate of	Georgia.*
First Settle	ď	1732	The same
Square mile	es	-	142,000†
Inhabitants	in	1790	82,588
	in	1800	162,686
Exports	in	1791	491,259
	in	1805	2,394,846 dolls.
Senators in Con	gref	s 2. F	Representatives 4.

No. 13. State of Vermont.; First Settled ' 1725 Square miles 10,237 Inhabitants in 1790 85,589 in 1800 154,465 Not known. Exports in 1791 in 1805 169,402 dolls. Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 4.

No. 14. State of Tennessee. First settlement between 1770 and 1776

Square miles
48,474

Inhabitants in 1790
in 1800
105,602

Exports not known.

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 3.

[•] From George II.

[†] This is prefumed to include the Miffiffippi Territory.

[‡] From Verd mont or Green mountains, a high range in that state.

[§] From the Tenassee river.

No. 15. State of Ohio.*

The time of the first settlement unknown, but presumed to be about the year 1790. In 1802 it was admitted into the Union as a State, then containing 60,000 inhabitants, and in 1803 76,000. Square miles exclusive of the Lakes, 39,128. Exports unknown.

Senators in Congress 2. Representative 1.

At the state of the

No. 16. State of Rhode Island.

First Settled 1636 Square miles 20,000 Inhabitants in 1790 68,825 in 1800 60,122 Exports in ' 1791 470,101 dolls. 1805 in 2,572,049

Senators in Congress 2. Representatives 2.

No. 17. State of Delaware. First Settled 1627 Square miles 1,875 Inhabitants in 1790 59,094 in 1800 64,273 199,840 dolls. Exports in 1791 in 1805 358,383

Senators in Congress 2. Representative 1.

^{*} From the river Ohio (it is prefumed.)

⁺ From the river Delaware.

No. 18. The District of Maine.

This district belongs to the state of Massachusetts.

First Settlement 1630

Square miles 40,000

Inhabitants in 1790 68,540

in 1800 Not known—But prefumed to be enumerated with those of

the parent State.

1 - Land

Exports not known—but supposed to be included in Massachusetts.

11 m. 1. 1. 1-18

No. 19. Orleans Territory.*

Ceded to the United States by France in the year 1803.

The population unknown.

Exports in 1805 2,338,483 dolls.

No. 20. Mississippi Territory. †

No. 25. Territory Colonies

Population in 1800, 8,850 inhabitants.

One Representative in Congress.

ון על בי בי עום כי מאוועני וווודיו

From the city of New Orleans.

No. 21. Indiana Territory.*

Erected into a Territorial Government in 1801.

Inhabitants latest account 4873.

Representative in Congress 1.

No. 22. Michigan Territory. †

Erected into a Territorial Government in the year

Inhabitants in 1800 3,206

Exports in 1805 313,223 dolls.

No. 23. Vacant land belonging to the United States.

No. 24. Isle Royal.

One hundred and fifty miles long.

No. 25. Territory of Columbia.‡

Square miles 100

Washington City the Capital and seat of the General Government, is 876 miles from Passamaquoddy and 794 from Savannah in Georgia.

In allusion to the Indian inhabitants.

⁺ From the Lake of that name. ...

[‡] In memory of Columbus, the discoverer of America.

14,093 persons.

The population of the Territory

in 1800,

Annum.

The Exports of the District for				
1805 - 1,320,215 dolls.				
In 1774 the war between Great Britain				
and the United States commenced. In 1783				
Peace took place and their Independence was				
acknowledged. In 1789, the present Federal				
Government was formed.				
In 1790, the number of inhabitants 3,893,637				
In 1805, they were reckoned at 6,000,000				
The Exports of the United States				
in 1791, were 17,371,531				
And in 1805 95,566,021				
The Tonnage of Merchant veffels				
in the year 1790, was - 486,890				
In the year 1805, they were cal-				
culated at 1,107,323				
And the Seamen at - 64,000				
The Militia are supposed to amount				
to 1,050,000				
The Navy twenty Vessels of 560 guns.				
The President and Vice-President hold their of-				
fices each for four years.				
mi				

Of the Vice-President 5000 dollars per Annum.

The Salary of the President 25,000 dollars per

The per diem allowance of the Senators and Representatives in Congress 6 dolls. while in Session.

The Senate of the United States confifts of 34 Members.

The House of Representatives of 143 Members.

The Public Debt of the United

States is - Dolls. 74,247,991
The Sinking Fund amounts to 8,000,000

And the Revenue for the Year 1805, including the Sinking

Fund - - 13,083,823

THIRD SERIES.

- 1. Chesapeake, a safe and capacious Bay, 300 miles long, and receives 18 considerable rivers.
- 2. Delaware, 20 miles long, is a dangerous bay, abounding in shoals.
- 3. Great Egg-Harbour.
- 4. Little Egg-Harbour.
- 5. Hudson's Bay, a beautiful expanse of water, contains several islands and harbours, is capacious and safe.
- 6. Susquehanna, the largest river of Pennsylvania, boatable several hundred miles. Stay one turn to fish for shad.

- 7. Delaware river, 400 miles long, and navigable for fea vessels 160 miles.
- 8. Hudson's river, 260 miles long, navigable 160 miles. Stay one turn to catch lobflers.
- 9. Thames river.
- 10. Buzzard's Bay, 30 miles long and 7 broad.
- veller is here shipwrecked and rendered incapable of proceeding in the game.
- 12. Plymouth Bay, a large but shoal harbour. Stay one turn to take Cod fish.
- 13. Maffachusetts, a large bay abounding in islands. Stay one turn to catch mackarel.
- 14. Casco Bay, contains near 300 islands.
- 15. Kennebec river, navigable 40 miles.
- 16. Penobscot Bay, 16 leagues wide, and contains many islands.
- 17. Penobscot river, 107 miles long, navigable 35 miles.
- 18. St. Croix river, forms part of the eastern boundary of the United States.
- 19. Sagadahoc river.
- 20. Connecticut river, 300 miles long, navigable 40 miles. Stay one turn to fish for falmon.

- 21. St. Lawrence, one of the largest rivers in America, navigable for large vessels 350 miles.
- 22. Lake Ontario, 600 miles in circumference, empties into the St. Lawrence.
- 23. Allegheny river, one of the branches of the Ohio.
- 24. Lake Erie, 225 long 40 broad.
- 25. Lake Michigan, 280 miles long 60 broad.
- 26. Lake Superior, 1500 miles in circumference, contains many valuable islands.
- 27. Wood Lake, distant from Savannah in Georgia in a direct line, 1200 miles.
- 28. Lake Huron, 1000 miles in circumference.
- 29. Miami of Lake Erie, communicates with the Miami of the Ohio by a portage of five miles.
- 30. Muskingum river, boatable 150 miles.
- 31. Sciota river, boatable 200 miles.
- 32. Great Miami river, boatable 125 miles.
- 33. Wabash, a beautiful river 600 miles long.
- 34. Kaskaskias river, boatable 130 miles.
- 35. Illinois river, 400 yards wide at its mouth, and communicates by fmall portages with Lake Huron.
- 36. Miffouri, one of the longest rivers of this continent, boatable 1500 miles.

- 37. Ohio, a large and beautiful river (at certain feafons) navigable near 1200 miles by ships.
- 38. Cumberland river, boatable 500 miles to the Ohio.
- 39. Tennessee, a beautiful, large and navigable river, 600 yards wide at its mouth.
- 40. Yazoo river.
- 41. Tombecbee, a principal branch of the Mobille river.
 - 42. Mississippi, one of the longest rivers of the globe, supposed 2500 miles in length. Stay one turn to admire its wonderful inundations.
 - 43. Ship channel of the Miffiffippi, lat. 29 W. lon. 13 49.
 - 44. Mobille, a fine bay in the Spanish territory of West Florida.
 - 45. Perdiddo river, claimed by the United States, as the eastern boundary of the purchase of Louisiana.
 - 46. Allibama, one of the great branches of the Mobille river.
 - 47. Eseambia, navigable in small vessels 80 miles.
- 48. Apalachicola, a beautiful, large and navigable river.
- 49. Pensacola, a fine bay in the Spanish territory of East Florida, on a barren coast, N. lat. 3013.

- 50. St. Mary's river, 250 miles long, navigable for large vessels, and makes a part of the fouthern boundary of the United States.
- 51. Alatamaha, a large river, formed by the Ocone and Oakmulge.
- 52. Savannah river, navigable to the city of Savannah, and boatable a great distance.
- 53. Edisto, a large river, boatable 100 miles.
- 54. Charleston Bay, formed by the Ashley and Cooper rivers.
- 55. Santee river, the union of the Congaree and Wataree.
- 56. Pedee river, boatable 200 miles.
- 57. Cape Fear river, faid to have been the station of the infamous pirate Black Beard.
- 58. Cape Look Out, a dangerous promontory, lat. 34 50.
 - 59. Cape Hatteras, a dangerous coast. The traveller is detained here one turn by a storm.
 - 60. Pamlico Sound, 86 miles long, 10 to 20 broad, navigable for small fea vessels.
 - 61. Albemarle Sound, communicates with Pamlico Sound.
 - 62. Roanoke river.
 - 63. James, a large navigable river, nearly connected with the waters west of the Alleghen, ny mountains.

64. Potomac, a large navigable river, on which stands the Capital of the United States at the head of the navigation.

65. Monongahela, a principal branch of the

Ohio river.

RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF THE DIFFERENT STATES,

Area.

- 1 Georgia,
- 2 Virginia,
- 3 Pennsylvania,
- 4 North Carolina,
- 5 Massachusetts,
- 6 New York, 7 Maryland,
- 8 South Carolina,
- 9 Connecticut,
- 10 Kentucky,
- 11 New Jersey,
- 12 New Hampshire,
- 13 Tennessee,
- 14 Vermont,
- 15 Rhode Island, 16 Delaware,
- 17 Ohio,—square miles

Population in 1790.

- 1 Virginia,
- 2 Pennsylvania,
- 3 Massachusetts,
- 4 New York,
- 5 Maryland,
- 6 North Carolina,
- 7 South Carolina,
- 8 Connecticut,
- 9 Kentucky,
- 10 New Jersey,
- 11 New Hampshire, 12 Vermont,
- 13 Georgia,
- 14 Rhode Island,
- 15 Delaware,
- 16 Tennessee,
- 17 Ohio-not known.

THE END.











